



# Cycle B Autumn Term Year 5 /6 Geography Knowledge Organiser.

## Key Vocabulary

county	A small area of the UK containing lots of towns and villages.
UK	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
Great Britain	England, Scotland and Wales.
landmark	A feature of the landscape or area that is easily recognised.
County	Local Governments control the local areas of counties and their services. These services include: Education, Transport, Policing, Public Safety, Social Care

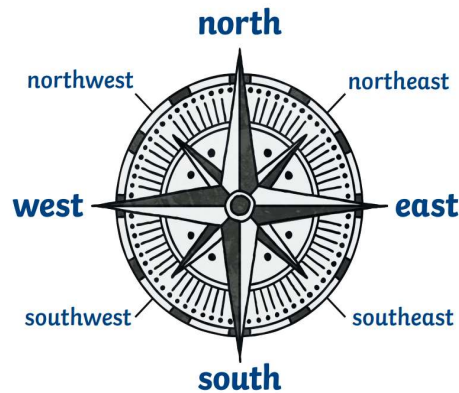
## Main Learning

Where are the cities of England located?

The UK					
Country	Flag	Capital City	Key Landmark	Key Rivers	High Ground
England		London	Stonehenge	Thames	Pennines
Scotland		Edinburgh	Ben Nevis	Tay	Grampian Mountains
Wales		Cardiff	Snowdon	Severn (also flows through England)	Cambrian Mountains
Northern Ireland		Belfast	Giant's Causeway	Bann	Sperrin Mountains

Anglo-Saxon	Viking
-ham means village	-by means village
-ton means farm	-thorpe means farm
-ford means river crossing	-toft means house

Roman
-chester
-caster
-cester
all mean "castle"



## (Sticky) Knowledge & Skills that I need to remember

- I can locate the countries, using maps to focus on United Kingdom.
- I can use place name endings to identify Anglo-Saxon and Viking towns and cities in the UK.
- I can name and locate cities of the UK (using the 8 compass points). concentrating on the major cities.
- I can name and locate counties of the UK building on my knowledge of cities.
- I can present the main physical and human features of a county.
- I can annotate a map with notes.



Counties include: Cornwall, Swansea & Aberdeenshire



# Geography Quiz 1

Name .....

	Question	A	B	C
1	What are the names of the 8 compass points?	North, East, South, West, Northeast, Northwest, Southeast, Southwest	North, East, South, West, Northeast, Northwest, Eastsouth, Southwest	North, East, South, West, Northeast, Westnorth, Southeast, Southwest
2	What is the difference between UK and Great Britain?	UK includes England, Wales and Scotland	UK includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.	GB includes 3 countries, UK includes 4 countries.
3	In Anglo-Saxon what does –ham mean at the end of a place?	village	Farm	river crossing
4	In Viking what does -toft mean at the end of a place?	house	farm	village
5	Why is Runcorn called Runcorn?	After Runcorn Linnets Football Team	Anglo-Saxon - The name Rumcofan come from the Old English or Anglo Saxon word 'rúm' meaning wide or broad and 'cofa' meaning 'cove'. the original name meaning 'a wide cove or bay', referring to the estuary beyond the Runcorn Gap.	After Albert Runcorn a character in Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows.
	Out of 10 how much have you enjoyed your learning	1-4	5-8	9-10

Total

Prior knowledge	%	1 <sup>st</sup> Attempt	%	2 <sup>nd</sup> attempt	%	3 <sup>rd</sup> Attempt	%
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