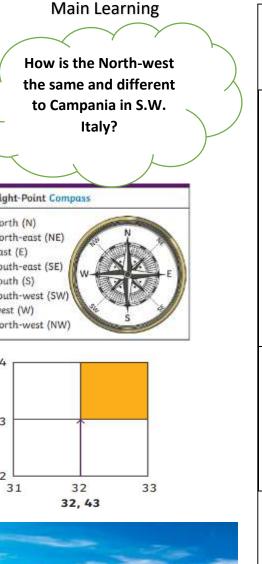


Cycle A Summer Term Year 3 /4 Geography Knowledge Organiser.

	Key Vocabulary	
Grid References	The easting and northing numbers are put together to create a four digit grid reference, e.g. (32,43), which refers to the bottom left corner of a square on the map.	How the s
Ordnance Survey map compass coastal tourists	Detailed maps of Great Britain where each square represents 1km squared (1km ²). A tool used for showing direction. Something on the shore or seaside. People who travel to a different place other than their home.	Eight-Point (
Counties/ Counties	Areas that countries or states are divided into. A small area containing lots of towns and villages.	north-east (N east (E) south-east (S south (S)
symbol	Small pictures, letters or lines that represent a feature.	south-west (west (W) north-west (I
landscapes	An area of land and everything you can see on it.	44
Tsunami	A tsunami is a giant wave caused by a huge earthquake under the ocean.	in feedule
tectonic plates	The earth's crust is made up of large areas called tectonic plates that join together.	43
Mantle	Extremely hot rock that flows. 3000km thick.	
magma	Extremely hot, liquid rock.	42 31
settlement E Plate bounda Trig point c Bay of Naples	rse North west Landscape Land use Farthquake Cluster Pattern Iries Zone Crust Scale Height ontours sea level cliffs Key Features s Satellite Region Pompeii Herculaneum uvius Sarno River Port Bay	

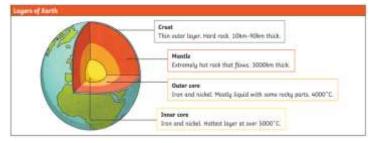


(Sticky) Knowledge & Skills that I need to remember

- I understand how much detail there is an ordnance survey map.
 - I can understand and use 4 figure grid references, symbols and contours on Ordnance Survey maps 1: 50,000
 - I can use a globe, an atlas and a digital computer map and satellite images to locate Italy and the Naples Bay area and North west England.
 - I can identify physical and human features of the Naples Bay region
 - I can describe and understand the key features of earthquakes and volcanoes.

• I can use knowledge from my study of the two regions to list the similarities and differences.





Tourism

Name



Geography Quiz 1

	Question	Α	В	С		
1	What does O.S stand for in this unit?	Ordnance Survey	Operating System	Oswestry		
2	What are contour lines?	Lines found in an exercise book	Contour lines join points on a map that are all the same elevation (height), usually measured as the height above sea level.	Symbols on a map		
3	What is an earthquake?	A type of burger	A type of milkshake	An earthquake is the shaking of the Earth's crust.		
4	What is a volcano?	A mountain with a large opening at the top through which gases and lava are or have been forced out.	A Roman God	A volcanic island		
5	What happened in AD 62 in Pompeii?	An earthquake	A flood	A famine		
6	What is Vesuvius?	Vesuvius is an ocean on the Gulf of Naples in Campania, Italy	Mount Vesuvius is a volcano on the Gulf of Naples in Campania, Italy	Vesuvius is a sea on the Gulf of Naples in Campania, Italy		
7	What is Naples?	A type of pizza.	A city in England.	Naples is the regional capital of Campania and the 3 rd largest city of Italy, after Rome and Milan.		
8	Why is the Naples bay area popular?	Physical features –dramatic landscape and scenery lead to tourism and rich soil and minerals improve the farmland and growing of crops such as fruit. Human features - Tourism, family ties to the area.	Kings and Queens	Canals		
	Out of 10 how much have you enjoyed your learning	1-4	5-8	9-10		
Total						
Pr	ior knowledge %	1 st Attempt %	2 nd attempt %	3 rd Attempt %		



What else have you learned?

(optional)